Financial Statements

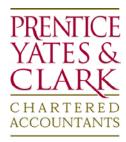
Ontario Rett Syndrome Association

London, Ontario

March 31, 2012

Contents

Independent Auditors' Report	.3 - 4
Statement of Financial Position.	.5
Statement of Accumulated Surplus	.6
Statement of Operations	.7
Statement of Cash Flows.	.8
Notes to Financial Statements	.9 - 1



15 Toronto St., Suite 700 Toronto, Canada M5C 2E3

(416) 366-9256 1 (800) 265-7818 Fax: (416) 366-9171 Web: www.pyc.net E-mail: info@pyc.net

Serving our clients since 1944

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Members of Ontario Rett Syndrome Association:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Ontario Rett Syndrome Association, which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2012, and the statements of accumulated surplus, operations and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Board of Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles, and for such internal control as the Board of Directors determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Corporation's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Board of Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion.

continued...

C.A. PETRALITO, B.A., C.A. L.K. TURNER, B.A., C.A. T.W. McGIVNEY, C.A. J.J. PAUZE, B.Acc., C.A.



Independent Auditors' Report - continued

Basis for Qualified Opinion

In common with many charitable organizations, the organization derives revenue from donations the completeness of which is not susceptible of satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, our verification of these revenues was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the organization and we are not able to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to contributions, surplus, current assets and net assets.

Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the basis for qualified opinion paragraph, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Ontario Rett Syndrome Association as at March 31, 2012, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles.

Toronto, Ontario June 30, 2012

Chartered Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

Prentice Yates of Clark

March 31, 2012

Statement of Financial Position	2012	2011
Current Assets		
Cash	\$ 126,067 \$	162,293
GST/HST recoverable	7,819	5,250
Inventory	4,962	7,697
Prepaid expenses	1,279	5,512
	140,127	180,752
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	 12,506	4,446
Net Assets		
Accumulated surplus, per statement	127,621	176,306
	140,127	180,752

Approved by The Board

Terry Boyd	
	President
Debbie Tkaczuk	
	Treasurer

The notes on pages 9 through 11 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Year ended March 31, 2012

Statement of Accumulated Surplus	2012	2011
Balance beginning Add	176,306	173,609
Surplus (deficit)	(48,685)	2,697
Balance March 31	127,621	176,306

Year ended March 31, 2012

Statement of Operations	2012	2011
Revenues		
Fundraising	\$ 59,183 \$	62,540
Contributions	36,036	45,561
Member dues	1,970	3,510
Resource centre	(1,020)	2,132
Other income	 2,084	5,674
Total Revenues	 98,253	119,417
Expenses		
Board & committee development	6,747	2,742
Chapter meetings	2,962	883
CHEO	20,000	7,507
Conference/workshops	7,089	19,256
Contract labour	450	0
Fundraising expenses	8,912	7,869
Insurance	3,258	3,182
Mothers' weekend	184	400
Newsletter	3,461	6,454
Office lease	1,103	1,119
National Registry	17,271	0
Professional fees	4,660	4,788
Research	32,286	35,000
Resources and supplies	12,895	9,076
Telephone	3,236	2,311
Travel & hotel	18,766	13,992
Website	1,864	646
Bank charges	 1,794	1,495
Total Expenses	 146,938	116,720
Surplus (Deficit)	 (48,685)	2,697

Year ended March 31, 2012

Statement of Cash Flows	2012	2011
Operating Activities		
Cash receipts	\$ 95,684 \$	120,652
Cash disbursements	 (131,910)	(128,823)
Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities	 (36,226)	(8,171)
Net cash decrease during the year	(36,226)	(8,171)
Cash position beginning of year	162,293	170,464
Cash Position End Of Year	126,067	162,293

Notes to Financial Statements

Status and Nature of Activities

The Ontario Rett Syndrome Association (the Association) was incorporated under the Ontario Corporations Act as a corporation without share capital on July 21, 1991 to provide information and resources to individuals suffering from rett syndrome.

The Association is a charitable organization within the meaning of the Income Tax Act.

The Association receives funding by soliciting donations. The Association is dependent on this funding for its continued operation.

Note 1 Significant Accounting Policies

Revenue Recognition

The Association follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Inventory

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value, with cost being determined using the weighted average cost method. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less any applicable variable selling costs.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires the Board of Directors to make assumptions about future events that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Financial Instruments

The Association has elected to use the exemption provided by The Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants (CICA) permitting not-for-profit organizations to not apply the following sections of the CICA Handbook: Section 3862, Financial Instruments - Disclosures, and Section 3863, Financial Instruments - Presentation, which would otherwise have been applied to the financial statements of the Association for the year ended March 31, 2012. The Association applies the requirements of Section 3861, Financial Instruments - Disclosure and Presentation.

Note 2 Recent Accounting Pronouncement

New accounting standards for non-profit organizations are effective with years beginning on or after January 1, 2012. The Association plans to implement these new standards. The Association is working to determine what impact, if any, the initial adoption of these standards will have on its financial statements. Significant changes are not anticipated.

Note 3 Financial Instruments

The Association's financial instruments consist of cash and accounts payable.

Credit Risk

The Association is subject to concentrations of credit risk through its cash accounts and account receivable with Canada Revenue Agency(CRA). The Association maintains all of its cash at major Canadian financial institution. The account receivable from CRA is the public service body rebate. The maximum credit risk is equivalent to the carrying value. Management believes that the credit risk concentration with respect to its cash and account receivable is remote.

Foreign Currency Risk

The Association's functional currency is the Canadian dollar. The Association does not engage in any activities in foreign currency and as a result, it is the opinion of the board that the Association is not exposed to significant foreign currency risk.

Fair Value

The fair values of cash and accounts payable are approximately equal to their carrying value due to their short term nature.

Note 4 Capital Management

The Association's objectives when managing capital are:

- (a) to safeguard its ability to coninute as a going concern; and
- (b) to ensure that enough funds are available to perform all necessary program activities.

The above objectives are considered in the preparation of its annual budget and in monitoring of cash flows and actual operating results compared to the budget.

Funds are secured by soliciting donations.

March 31, 2012

Note 4 Capital Management - contin	ued
------------------------------------	-----

Capital is described as follows:

	2012	2011	
Accumulated surplus	\$ 127,621 \$	176,306	

The accumulated surplus must be expended in accordance with Canada Revenue Agency guidelines for charities.